



The Law Society

General Regulations

SUPPORTING
solicitors



The Law Society

Contents

Part I – Meetings and business of the Council	4
Dates of regular Council meetings	4
Special Council meetings.....	4
Chairing of Council meetings	4
Quorum	4
Adjournment	5
Order of business at Council meetings	5
Rescission of resolutions	5
Motions.....	5
Closure of debate	6
Voting	6
Admission to Council meetings.....	7
Part II – Boards and discharge of functions	7
Establishment of boards	7
Discharge of functions	7
Membership of boards	8
Eligibility to serve on representative boards	11
Term of office of chairs and members of boards	11
General provisions relating to representative boards	12
General provisions relating to the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board	13
Conduct of members of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board	13
Directions to the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board	14
The Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board	14
The Legal Affairs and Policy Board.....	15
The Management Board	15
The Membership Board	17
The Regulatory Affairs Board.....	17
The Solicitors Regulation Authority Board.....	17
Rule-making by the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board	21
The Support Services Resolution Board	22
Applications for approval of practising certificate fee.....	23
Setting of Compensation Fund contributions.....	23
Equality and Diversity Training.....	23
Part III – Special Committees of the Council.....	24
Appointment of Special Committees	24
The Audit Committee	27
The Council Members’ Conduct Committee.....	27
The Council Membership Committee	28
The Equality and Diversity Committee	28
The Remuneration Committee	29
The Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee.....	29

Part IV – Quorum	31
Quorum	31
Part V – Miscellaneous	32
Council Operating Manual	32
Revocation, suspension and amendment	32
Interpretation	32
Commencement and citation	33



The Law Society's General Regulations

[Made by the Council on 19 March 2008 and incorporating subsequent amendments made on 16 July 2008, 28 January 2009, 10 June 2009, 22/23 July 2009, 23 September 2009, 4 November 2009, 16 December 2009, 8/9 June 2010, 14/15 July 2010, 10 November 2010, 22/23 March 2011, 4 May 2011, 8 June 2011 and 13/14 July 2011]

Part I – Meetings and business of the Council

Dates of regular Council meetings

- 1(1) The dates of regular Council meetings shall be fixed by the Council.
- (2) The President may alter any date for a regular Council meeting or cancel a regular meeting which has been scheduled.

Special Council meetings

- 2(1) A special Council meeting may be called by –
 - (a) the President;
 - (b) any 25 Council members by giving notice in writing or by electronic means to the Chief Executive; or
 - (c) the Chief Executive.
- (2) The date and business of a special Council meeting shall be specified by the person or persons calling it and no business other than that so specified shall be taken at the meeting.

Chairing of Council meetings

- 3(1) The President shall take the Chair at all Council meetings.
- (2) In the absence of the President, or if he or she declines to take the Chair, the Vice-President shall take the Chair.
- (3) In the absence of both the President and the Vice-President, or if both decline to take the Chair, the Deputy Vice-President shall take the Chair.
- (4) If the President, Vice-President and Deputy Vice-President are absent, or if all of them decline to take the Chair, the Council members present choose one of their number to preside.

Quorum

- 4 A Council meeting shall be adjourned if fewer than 25 Council members are present.

Adjournment

- 5(1) The Chair may adjourn a Council meeting to a future fixed day and time, and shall do so if directed by the meeting.
- (2) No business shall be transacted at an adjourned Council meeting other than business left unfinished at the meeting that was adjourned.
- (3) If a Council meeting is adjourned for seven days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting, and of the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting, shall be given to all Council members.
- (4) If a Council meeting is adjourned for less than seven days, no notice need be given of the adjournment, or of the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting.

Order of business at Council meetings

- 6 Unless the Chair directs otherwise, the order of business at Council meetings shall be –
 - (a) the Chair shall be taken in accordance with Regulation 3;
 - (b) the minutes of the preceding meeting shall be taken as read and, subject to any correction, confirmed;
 - (c) answers shall be given to questions; and
 - (d) other business shall be taken in the order directed by the Chair.

Rescission of resolutions

- 7 No resolution of the Council shall be rescinded (wholly or partly) within one year, unless written notice has been sent to all Council members or the rescission is, or arises from, a recommendation in a report from a board or committee.

Motions

- 8(1) Motions may be proposed at Council meetings by –
 - (a) the Chair;
 - (b) the representative boards;
 - (c) the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board; and
 - (d) individual Council members.
- (2) No motion may be proposed by a representative board inviting the Council to take action on any matter within the terms of reference of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, provided that a representative board may propose a motion to request the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board to consider an issue within its terms of reference.

- (3) A motion proposed by a representative board may be moved by the chair of that board, or by any Council member who is a member of it, and shall not be seconded.
- (4) A motion proposed on behalf of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board shall be moved by the chair of the Board, or a member of the Board acting on his or her behalf, and shall not be seconded.
- (5) A motion by the Chair shall not be seconded.
- (6) A motion to be proposed by a Council member shall be included in the agenda for the meeting if –
 - (a) notice of the motion has been received by the Chief Executive not less than 12 clear working days before the meeting; and
 - (b) in the opinion of the Chair the motion relates to the affairs of the Society or of the solicitors' profession.
- (7) A Council member's motion which has been received within 12 clear working days before a Council meeting shall be taken only in case of urgency, as determined by the Chair.

Closure of debate

- 9(1) A member who has not spoken in a debate and who wishes to move the closure of the debate shall do so by moving a motion (a "closure motion") either –
 - (a) that the question be put; or
 - (b) that the meeting proceeds to the next business.
- (2) A closure motion shall be seconded by a member who has not spoken in the debate.
- (3) If a closure motion is carried which is a motion that the question be put, the mover of the motion being discussed shall, unless the Chair directs otherwise, have the right to reply before that motion is put.
- (4) Unless the Chair otherwise directs before the closure motion is put to the vote, the passing of a motion to close the debate on an amendment to a motion shall not prevent the continuation of the debate on the motion or any further amendments being moved.
- (5) A closure motion under this Regulation shall be passed if at least two-thirds of the members present and voting vote for it.

Voting

- 10(1) Unless the Charter, the Bye-Laws or these Regulations otherwise provide, all questions before the Council shall be decided by a majority of the members present and voting.
- (2) In the event of an equality of voting, the Chair shall have a second or casting vote.

Admission to Council meetings

- 11(1) Any member of the Society or legal journalist shall be entitled to attend and to receive agenda papers for the non-confidential part of Council meetings, subject to obtaining a ticket in advance if the Chief Executive considers this necessary.
- (2) The chair of the Solicitors Regulations Authority Board shall be entitled to attend receive agenda papers for Council meetings (including business designated as confidential relating to work of the Board), may move resolutions on behalf of the Board and may otherwise speak with the permission of the Chair.
- (3) In the absence of the chair of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, another member of the Board may attend, receive agenda papers for and, with the permission of the Chair, speak, as if he or she were the chair of the Board.
- (4) The members of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board shall be entitled to attend and receive agenda papers for Council meetings (including business designated as confidential relating to the work of the Board).

Part II – Boards and discharge of functions

Establishment of boards

- 12(1) There shall be the following boards -
 - (a) the Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board;
 - (b) the Legal Affairs and Policy Board;
 - (c) the Management Board;
 - (d) the Membership Board;
 - (e) the Regulatory Affairs Board;
 - (f) the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board; and
 - (g) the Support Services Resolution Board.
- (2) The Legal Affairs and Policy Board, Membership Board and Regulatory Affairs Board are referred to in these Regulations as “representative boards”.

Discharge of functions

- 13(1) The boards listed in Regulation 12(1) shall be deemed to be committees of the Council for the purpose of Section 79(1)(a) of the Act, and as such shall be empowered to carry out such of the Council’s functions as are referred to in their terms of reference.
- (2) The boards listed in Regulation 12(1) (other than the Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board and Support Services Resolution Board) may arrange by resolution for functions which may be discharged by them to be discharged by –
 - (a) sub-units of those boards (by whatever name known) which shall be deemed to be sub-committees of committees of the Council for the purpose of Section 79(2)(a) of the Act; or

(b) individuals (whether or not members of the Society's staff).

provided that the functions delegated to the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board under the following provisions shall be exercised only by that Board and shall not be sub-delegated –

- (a) Regulation 26(13); and
 - (b) Regulation 26(15).
- (3) Sub-units of boards may arrange for functions which may be discharged by them in accordance with Regulation 13(2)(a) to be discharged by members of the Society's staff.
- (4) Where functions may be discharged in accordance with this Regulation by the holder of a post or office, they may be discharged by the holder of that post or office for the time being, or by any person temporarily filling that post or office.
- (5) This Regulation does not preclude the Council, the boards, or any sub-unit of any of the boards, from directly discharging a function which has been delegated in accordance with this Regulation, provided that the Council shall not discharge any function delegated under these Regulations to the Solicitors Regulatory Authority Board except –
- (a) where the Board has failed to comply with a direction under Regulation 19A within the time specified for compliance in that direction; or
 - (b) in relation to functions delegated under Regulations 26(22), 26(27) and 26(28), but in respect of the functions delegated under Regulation 26(22) only in relation to actual or forthcoming litigation between the Council and the Board and to the extent necessary to enable the Council to deal with such litigation.
- (6) This Regulation does not affect the terms under which the Chief Executive and other members of the Society's staff perform their duties in accordance with their contracts of employment, job descriptions or internal office procedures.

Membership of boards

14(1) *[deleted 4/5/11]*

- (1A) Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board shall consist of –
- (a) the President, who shall chair the board, but have no vote;
 - (b) the Treasurer, and three Council members elected by ballot of the Council; and
 - (c) four members of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, nominated by the Chair of that Board.
- (1AA) An alternate may be nominated to attend any meeting of the Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board –

- (a) by the Treasurer if any of the members referred to in 14(1A)(b) is going to be absent from that meeting; and
- (b) by the Chair of the SRA Board if any of the members nominated by the Chair under (1A)(c) is going to be absent from that meeting.

with the right –

- (a) to act as a member of the Board for the purposes of the meeting; and
- (b) to be counted as such for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present

as if the member of the Board for whom he or she is acting as an alternate were personally present.

(1AAA) The Legal Affairs and Policy Board shall consist of –

- (a) a Chair, who shall be a Council member elected by ballot of the Council;
- (b) the President;
- (c) the Vice-President;
- (d) the Deputy Vice-President;
- (e) seven other Council members, elected by ballot of the Council; and
- (f) up to two members, co-opted by the Board, who may be Council or non-Council members.

(2) *[deleted 4/5/11]*

(3) The Management Board shall consist of –

- (a) a Council member as Chair, who shall also be known by the customary title of “Treasurer”, elected by ballot of the Council;
- (b) the President;
- (c) the Vice-President;
- (d) the Deputy Vice-President;
- (e) five other Council members elected by ballot of the Council;
- (f) the Chief Executive, who shall be entitled to attend and speak at meetings of the Board, but not to vote; and
- (g) up to two members co-opted by the Board, who may be Council members or non-Council members.

The Chair and Chief Executive of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board shall be entitled to attend meetings of the Management Board for items affecting the former Board, but shall not be entitled to vote and shall not be counted as part of the quorum.

- (4) The Membership Board shall consist of –
- (a) a Chair, who shall be a Council member elected by ballot of the Council;
 - (b) the President;
 - (c) the Vice-President;
 - (d) the Deputy Vice-President;
 - (e) seven other Council members, elected by ballot of the Council; and
 - (f) up to two members co-opted by the Board, who may be Council members or non-Council members.
- (5) The Regulatory Affairs Board shall consist of –
- (a) a Council member as Chair, elected by ballot of the Council;
 - (b) the President;
 - (c) the Vice-President;
 - (d) the Deputy Vice-President
 - (e) seven other Council members, elected by ballot of the Council; and
 - (f) up to two members co-opted by the Board, who may be Council or non-Council members.
- (6) Until 31/12/12 - The Solicitors Regulation Authority Board shall consist of -
- (a) a Chair, who shall be a solicitor but not a Council member, appointed by the Council following an open recruitment process taking into account Guidelines issued by the Commissioner for Public Appointments;
 - (b) no fewer than five and no more than eight non-Council members, who shall not be solicitors, appointed in the manner described in (a);
 - (c) no fewer than six and no more than eight non-Council members, who shall be solicitors, appointed in the manner described in (a)
- (6) From 1 January 2013 - The Solicitors Regulation Authority Board shall consist of -
- (a) a Chair, who shall not be a Council member and may be either a solicitor or a lay person, appointed by the Council following an open recruitment process taking into account Guidelines issued by the Commissioner for Public Appointments;
 - (b) no fewer than six and no more than eight non-Council members, who shall be lay persons, appointed in the manner described in (a);
 - (c) no fewer than five and no more than seven non-Council members, who shall be solicitors, appointed in the manner described in (a)

provided that the number of lay members of the Board (including the Chair if he or she is not a solicitor) shall at all times (other than when there is a casual vacancy) be one more than the number of solicitor-members (including the Chair if he or she is a solicitor).

- (7) The Support Services Resolution Board shall consist of –
- (a) a Chair, who shall be a Council member appointed by the Council;
 - (b) the Treasurer;
 - (c) two other Council members appointed by the Council;
 - (d) four members of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, nominated by that Board; and
 - (e) two independent members who shall be neither Council members nor members of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, appointed on the basis of their senior level management experience by an appointments panel constituted in accordance with (8).
- (8) The appointments panel referred to in (7)(e) shall consist of two Council members appointed by the Management Board and two members of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board nominated by that Board.
- (9) An alternate may be nominated to attend any meeting of the Support Services Resolution Board, with power to act as a member of the Board for the purposes of the meeting and to be counted as such for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present as if the member of the Board for whom he or she is acting as an alternate were personally present –
- (a) by the Chair (or, in his or her absence, by the Treasurer) if any of the members referred to in (7)(a), (7)(b) and (7)(c) is going to be absent from that meeting; and
 - (b) by the Chair of the SRA Board if any of the members nominated by that Board under (7)(d) is going to be absent from that meeting.

Eligibility to serve on representative boards

- 15 No Council member shall be eligible to serve on more than one representative Board or on a representative board and the Management Board at a time.

Term of office of chairs and members of boards

- 16(1) Subject to (2A) the term of office of the chairs of the representative boards and the Management Board shall be three years, running from the date of election until the third 31 August thereafter, and the chairs shall not be eligible for re-election at the end of that period.
- (2) Subject to (2A) the term of office of the other members of the representative boards and the Management Board shall be three years, running from the date of election until the third 31 August thereafter, and the other members shall be eligible for re-election for one further period of three years only.

- (2A) Any term of office of a chair or member of a representative board or the Management Board which would, but for this paragraph, have expired on 31 August 2009 shall instead expire on 31 August 2010.
- (3) *[deleted 4/5/11]*
- (4) Subject to (4A) and (4B), the terms of office of the Chair and members of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board shall be up to four years, and they shall be eligible for re-appointment (without any guarantee) for one or more further terms, up to a total of six years.
- (4A) A member of the Board eligible for re-appointment may be re-appointed by the Law Society either –
- (a) following the recruitment process described in Regulation 14(6)(a); or
 - (b) on the recommendation of the Chair.
- (4B) Re-appointments on the recommendation of the Chair may be for such proportion of the members retiring at any one time as the Society, after consultation with the Chair, may from time to time determine.
- (4C) Paragraphs (4) and (4A) do not affect the members of the Board when this provision comes into effect, except that in calculating the total term of any member re-appointed from 1 January 2010 the term which ended on 31 December 2009 shall be included.
- (5) Each of the independent members of the Support Services Resolution Board shall serve for three years, running from the date of appointment until the fourth 31 August thereafter, and shall be eligible for re-appointment for one further period of three years only.
- (6) Each of the members (other than the Chair and the Treasurer) of the Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board shall serve for three years, running from the date of election or nomination, as the case may be, and provided he or she is still qualified for membership shall be eligible for re-election or re-nomination for one further term of three years only.

General provisions relating to representative boards

- 17 In addition to the functions set out in their terms of reference, the Management Board and each representative board have the following general functions -
- (1) To develop an annual business plan within a timetable agreed by the Council.
 - (2) To develop an annual work-plan.
 - (3) To report to the Council regularly on progress against its business plan.
 - (4) To advise the Council on any new or urgent activities arising within its terms of reference which fall outside its current business plan or work-plan.
 - (5) To keep its performance under regular review.
 - (6) To establish and disestablish committees to assist it in its work, whether or not deemed to be sub-committees exercising functions under Regulation 13.

General provisions relating to the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board

- 18 The Solicitors Regulation Authority Board shall -
- (1) Set the strategic objectives for the Society in its regulatory role, monitor performance against those objectives and prepare an operational plan and budget for presentation to the Management Board.
 - (2) Take into account the recommendations of the Better Regulation Task Force in exercising its functions.
 - (3) Comply with such oversight and scrutiny arrangements as the Council shall lay down from time to time, following appropriate consultation with the Board.
 - (4) Ensure that the need to obtain value for money is recognised in all matters for which it is responsible.
 - (5) Ensure that the principles of equality and diversity are incorporated in every aspect of its work.
 - (6) Ensure that the principles of "Turnbull" risk analysis are incorporated in every aspect of its work.
 - (7) Report to the Council when required by the Council to do so on the discharge of its functions, including (but without limitation) risk management and budgetary issues.
 - (8) Monitor expenditure against budget.
 - (9) Monitor compliance with any external regulatory provisions or obligations which are applicable.

Conduct of members of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board

- 19(1) In circumstances which would, if disclosed to the Society prior to appointment, have disqualified a member of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board ('the member') from appointment, then subject to (2) –
- (a) the Chief Executive of the Solicitors Regulation Authority shall so certify to the Council; and
 - (b) the Council shall be entitled, on receipt of the certificate and subject to affording the member the right to make written representations, to remove that member from office.
- (2) The chair of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board may direct the Chief Executive of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board not to certify the circumstances to the Council under (1), if the chair considers the matters concerned to be of a minor nature.
- (3) Any complaint against a member of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board (other than one falling under (1)) shall be referred by the Chair of the Board to a body established by the Board to investigate complaints ('the investigating body'). A complaint shall not be so referred if the chair of the Board considers that it can be resolved by informal conciliation, is trivial or vexatious.

- (4) The investigating body may investigate and determine the complaint according to such procedure as it shall decide, which shall include affording the member the right to make representations. The investigating body shall report to the chair of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board whether it considers the complaint to be substantiated and, if so, what sanction should be recommended to the Board.
- (5) The report and the decision of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board on it shall also be sent to the Chief Executive of the Law Society.
- (6) Removal of board membership can be imposed by the Council only.
- (7) The Council may substitute its own procedure for investigating and determining complaints if it believes that the procedure established by the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board is inadequate.

Directions to the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board

- 19A The Solicitors Regulation Authority Board shall comply with a direction by the Council, within the time specified for compliance in the direction where such a time is specified, as to the exercise of any functions delegated to it under these Regulations if, and to the extent that, the exercise of the functions concerned in the manner specified in the direction is in the opinion of the Council reasonably necessary in order to –
- (1) Comply with or avoid breaching any specific or general rules or other requirements imposed on the Society by –
 - (a) the Legal Services Board under the Act or the 2007 Act;
 - (b) the Legal Services Complaints Commissioner under the Access to Justice Act 1999;
 - (c) the Office of Fair Trading under the Competition Act 1998; or
 - (d) any other body having statutory power to issue directions or impose requirements on the Society in the exercise of any of its functions;
 - (2) Prevent the imposition of or reduce the amount of any fine or any other financial or non-financial penalty by any of the bodies referred to in (1); or
 - (3) Comply with the directions of any court or tribunal.

The Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board

- 20 The terms of reference of the Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board are –
- (1) To consider and advise the Council on the budget (and level of support services) for the SRA;
 - (2) To determine issues arising from the provision of support services for the SRA, in the event of disagreement about such provision between the Law Society and SRA Chief Executives; and

- (3) To consider and advise the Council as necessary on issues referred to it by the Management Board or the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, arising from the exercise of the Society's role as an approved regulator in relation to oversight of the SRA

but if the Board cannot reach unanimity in agreeing a recommendation to the Council on any issue arising under (1) or (2) the matter shall be referred to the Support Services Resolution Board, as a 'disagreement' for that Board to determine in accordance with Regulation 26B(1).

The Legal Affairs and Policy Board

21 The terms of reference of the Legal Affairs and Policy Board are -

- (1) To set and oversee the implementation of policy to promote and protect solicitors' interests in all matters other than those covered by the Society's other boards.
- (2) To set and oversee the implementation of policy to promote the Society as a leading voice on law reform, the effective operation of legal institutions and access to justice, domestically and internationally.
- (3) To set and oversee the implementation of policy to promote access by solicitors to other jurisdictions.
- (4) To set and oversee the implementation of policy to promote the protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms in other jurisdictions.
- (5) To appoint Law Society Committee chairs and members; and to make recommendations to the Council for establishing and disestablishing Law Society committees.
- (6) To recommend to the Council the nomination by the Society of representatives to serve on external bodies.

[Regulation 22 deleted 4/5/11]

[Regulation 22A deleted 4/5/11]

The Management Board

23 The terms of reference of the Management Board are –

Scrutiny of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board

- (1) To carry out, informed by the Regulatory Affairs Board, and subject to the powers and responsibilities of the Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board and the Support Services Resolution Board, the Council's role in relation to the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, including –
 - (a) advising the Council on all matters relating to the terms of reference, composition and appointment of the Board;
 - (b) scrutiny of the Board's draft business plan, and its performance against that plan;

- (c) scrutiny of the Board's budget and budgetary control; and
- (d) scrutiny of the Board's approach to risk management;

discharging the foregoing functions in a manner that reflects the principles of good regulation, having taken account of the Board's reasonable and proportionate requirements and the regulatory objectives set out in the 2007 Act.

Representative Board business plans and budgets

- (2) To scrutinise the representative boards' draft business plans, budget bids and budgetary controls, ensuring that in their activities they secure value for money.

Law Society's overall budget

- (3) To recommend to the Council –
 - (a) the Society's budget and business plan for non-regulatory activities;
 - (b) the level of provision for support services within the Society, other than in respect of the Solicitors Regulation Authority; and
- (4) To recommend to the Council the amount to be collected through practising fees and to advise the Council on the amount which needs to be raised through contributions to the Compensation Fund.
- (4A) For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in these Regulations is intended to preclude the Board from expressing a view to the Council on any financial matter on which it is the responsibility of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, the Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board or the Support Services Resolution Board to make formal recommendations to the Council.

Finances

- (5) Subject to the powers and responsibilities of the Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board and the Support Services Resolution Board, to deal with all matters relating to the finances, facilities, property, subsidiary companies, trusts, bursaries and bequests and the common seal of the Society, and the effective management of resources, including -
 - (a) financial controls;
 - (b) human resources;
 - (c) capital expenditure;
 - (d) investment management;
 - (e) the Society's personnel policies and the staff pension scheme; and
 - (f) approving bids for unbudgeted expenditure, subject (save in the case of an emergency) to a maximum of £1 million.

Risk management

- (6) To approve and monitor the Society's risk register.
- (7) To oversee the handling of litigation arising from the Society's functions, save where this has been delegated to the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board.

Governance

- (8) To hold the Chief Executive of the Law Society accountable for the efficient discharge of his duties.
- (9) To hold the Office-holders to account against the Presidential Plan.
- (10) To take all reasonable steps necessary to ensure the proper governance of the Society, including bringing proposals to the Council as necessary.

The Membership Board

24 The terms of reference of the Membership Board are –

- (1) To set and oversee the implementation of policy for managing relationships with the profession, including (but not limited to) local law societies, Law Society groups, associations, sections, networks and divisions.
- (2) To set and oversee the implementation of policy relating to services for members and others to include, but not be limited to, family members, potential entrants to the profession, non-solicitor employees of firms and to the public.
- (3) To set and oversee the implementation of policy to support Council members in their work.

The Regulatory Affairs Board

25 The terms of reference of the Regulatory Affairs Board are –

- (1) To set and oversee the implementation of policy for the promotion of solicitors' interests in all regulatory matters.
- (2) To assist the Management Board in carrying out its function of scrutinising the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board.

The Solicitors Regulation Authority Board

26 The terms of reference of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board ('the Board') are –

- (1) In relation to the individuals and entities ("persons") listed in (2), to exercise all monitoring, regulatory, investigative, adjudication, disciplinary, intervention, enforcement, supervisory, admission, authorisation, licensing, civil litigation and cost recovery powers and functions vested in the Society or the Council under –
 - (a) the Act;
 - (b) the Administration of Justice Act 1985;

- (c) the Courts and Legal Services Act 1990;
 - (d) the Access to Justice Act 1999;
 - (e) the 2007 Act;
 - (f) the European Communities (Services of Lawyers) Order 1978; and
 - (g) the European Communities (Lawyer's Practice) Regulations 2000
- (2) The persons within the scope of (1) are -
- (a) solicitors;
 - (b) recognised bodies;
 - (c) licensed bodies;
 - (d) registered European lawyers;
 - (e) registered foreign lawyers;
 - (f) persons employed or remunerated in connection with the practices of any of those listed in (a) to (e);
 - (g) European lawyers providing services under the European Communities (Services of Lawyers) Order 1978;
 - (h) managers of recognised bodies ('manager' as defined in Section 207 of the 2007 Act); and
 - (i) persons having, or intending to acquire, interests in recognised bodies or licensed bodies ('interest' as defined in Sections 72(3) and 72(6) of the 2007 Act).
- (3) To exercise the following other functions under the 2007 Act -
- (a) consenting on behalf of the Society to Legal Services Board recommendations, provided that such consent relates to regulatory functions delegated to the Board under this Regulation or to regulatory arrangements (as defined in Section 21 of the 2007 Act) related to the discharge of those functions, and
 - (b) making any application that relates to regulatory functions delegated to the Board or to regulatory arrangements relating to the discharge of those functions and providing the application is not -
 - (i) to regulate persons not presently regulated or to cease to regulate persons, or
 - (ii) to change the Society's position as an approved regulator.
- (4) To deal with all matters relating to the setting of standards for entry into the profession and the education and training of solicitors, including monitoring of training institutions and those providing authorised courses.

- (5) To deal with all matters relating to –
 - (a) the keeping of the Roll
 - (b) the certification of solicitors;
 - (c) the registration of European and foreign lawyers;
 - (d) the recognition of bodies under Section 9 of the Administration of Justice Act 1985;
 - (e) the authorisation of licensed bodies;
 - (f) the approval under Schedule 13 to the 2007 Act of persons to hold restricted interests in licensed bodies; and
 - (g) the recognition of European lawyers providing services under the European Communities (Services of Lawyers) Order 1978.
- (6) Subject to (7), (8) and (9), to deal with all matters relating to the setting and maintenance of ethical, conduct and quality standards for the persons mentioned in (2).
- (7) In relation to accreditation schemes and panels the membership of which is a requirement of statute or Practice Rules the power -
 - (a) to set standards for them;
 - (b) to quality assure their operation including oversight of assessments; and
 - (c) to administer them.
- (8) In relation to accreditation schemes and panels the membership of which is not a requirement of statute or Practice Rules ('voluntary schemes and panels'), and where the conditions in (9) are satisfied, the power –
 - (a) to set standards for them;
 - (b) to quality assure their operation including oversight of assessments and
 - (c) to administer them.
- (9) (a) the powers in (8) apply only where -
 - (i) the Board considers that there is a regulatory need for the relevant voluntary scheme or panel to exist, and
 - (ii) the Board considers that there is no accreditation scheme or panel being operated currently in the relevant area of law which would meet the objectives of the Board or if any scheme or panel is being operated which the Board considers does not meet its objectives those running the scheme will not agree to modify it to meet those objectives; and

- (b) the power in (8)(c) additionally applies only where neither the representative part of the Law Society nor any other reputable provider is able and willing to operate a scheme or panel in the relevant area of law which would meet the objectives of the Board.
- (10) To issue guidance on the interpretation and application of rules and regulations and on matters of professional conduct and standards.
- (11) To deal with all applications for waivers of rules or other dispensations under rules or under statute.
- (12) To deal with all regulatory matters relating to practice improvement and client care in relation to the persons mentioned in (2).
- (13) To deal with all regulatory matters relating to professional indemnity for the persons mentioned in (2), including the making, revocation or amendment of indemnity rules.
- (14) To deal with all matters relating to monitoring, securing or enforcing compliance by the persons mentioned in (2) with requirements imposed by primary or secondary legislation (including for the avoidance of doubt rules and rules and regulations made by the Council or the Board) or guidance issued by the Council or the Board.
- (15) To deal with all proceedings before the Solicitors Disciplinary Tribunal, and all litigation arising from such proceedings.
- (16) Subject to (18), to make Compensation Fund Rules and to deal with all other matters relating to the Compensation Fund, including the financial management of that Fund.
- (17) To deal with all matters relating to monies held on statutory trust following intervention, including the authorisation of the transfer of funds held on statutory trust to the Compensation Fund subject to rights of subrogation.
- (18) Subject to Regulation 26A, to make, amend and revoke rules, regulations and codes under any primary or secondary legislation (including amending or revoking rules and regulations made by the Council before the coming into effect of this Regulation) and relating to regulatory matters.
- (19) Subject to (16) and (20), to exercise the powers of the Society and of the Council under all primary and secondary legislation on all matters within its terms of reference.
- (20) Subject to Regulation 26D, to set and amend from time to time the level of fees and charges payable by any person or body in relation to the discharge of its functions.
- (21) To set, implement and review policy on matters within its terms of reference.
- (22) To deal with any actual or forthcoming litigation directly arising from –
 - (a) regulatory or disciplinary decisions;
 - (b) any legal challenge to the validity of any exercise of its functions; and

- (c) any other matter related to the discharge of its functions, unless the Council considers that in the Society's capacity as approved regulator the relevant litigation should be dealt with by the Management Board in accordance with Regulation 23(7).
- (23) To monitor casework decisions made under delegated powers from the Board, with a view to ensuring appropriate quality and consistency, taking account, where applicable, of any relevant policies and guidelines it may set.
- (24) To respond to external consultations on all matters within its terms of reference.
- (25) To deal with casework applications made to the Society which the Chair of the Board (or another designated member in his or her absence) decides are of an unusual or sensitive nature, with power to appoint sub-committees to exercise such functions on its behalf.
- (26) To deal with all recommendations by the Legal Services Ombudsman that compensation be payable in respect of complaints-handling by the Legal Complaints Service.
- (27) To deal with the making of representations to the Legal Services Board under paragraph 9 of Schedule 10 of the 2007 Act, and any other communications with the Legal Services Board, arising from an application by the Society to the Legal Services Board to become a licensing authority for alternative business structures under that Act.
- (28) To investigate and prosecute offences under any enactments, subordinate legislation, rules, regulations or other provisions mentioned in this Regulation and to pursue any ancillary activity such as enforcement or recovery of penalties and costs.

Rule-making by the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board

26A(1) Subject to (4) and (6), the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board may exercise the powers in Regulation 26(18) in relation to a particular proposal only if -

- (a) the Board has consulted the Council on the proposal, and on any significant changes to it, in accordance with a protocol to be approved by the Council after consultation between the Board and the Management Board;
- (b) the Board is satisfied that –
 - (i) there has been adequate consultation with those bodies and individuals with a legitimate expectation of being consulted on the proposal concerned, and
 - (ii) an appropriate period has been allowed for such consultation to take place;
- (c) an appropriate assessment has been made of the impact of the proposal on those regulated by the Board;
- (d) the Council has not issued a direction under Regulation 19A requiring the proposal not to be implemented.

- (2) Subject to (5), the President shall be notified promptly of the text of the rule, amendment or other wording agreed by the Board.
- (3) Where a rule, amendment or other wording requires approval by an external authority, it shall not be submitted to such an authority until not less than seven days (or such lesser period as the President may allow) have elapsed after the date on which the notification to the President of the final wording takes place under (2).
- (4) The Board shall not be required to comply with the procedures set out in (1)(a) and (1)(b) where the Chair of the Board (or in his or her absence the SRA Chief Executive) certifies that there is an urgent need to exercise the powers which makes it impracticable to follow them.
- (5) Any exercise of the powers in a case of urgency in accordance with (4) shall be notified promptly to the President.
- (6) The exercise by the Board of the powers in Regulation 26(13) shall not be invalidated by any irregularity or non-compliance with the procedures set out in (1)(a) and (1)(b) or (1)(c).
- (7) Any function or power of the President under this Regulation may be exercised in his or her absence by the Vice-President, the Deputy Vice-President or the Chief Executive.

The Support Services Resolution Board

- 26B(1) The terms of reference of the Support Services Resolution Board are to resolve and determine, subject to the overall control by the Council of the Society's budget, any disagreement arising about –
- (a) the recommendation to be made to the Council in respect of the budget of the Solicitors Regulation Authority; or
 - (b) the budget for or provision of support services to the Solicitors Regulation Authority.
- (2) In this Regulation, 'support services' means –
- (a) information and communications technology systems;
 - (b) provision and maintenance of premises used by staff within the Solicitors Regulation Authority and facilities management within such premises;
 - (c) staff, in respect of –
 - (i) the numbers of staff employed;
 - (ii) salaries and benefits (including issues related to performance related pay);
 - (iii) general terms and conditions of service, including policies, leave arrangements and flexible working;

- (iv) equality and diversity issues specific to the staff of the Solicitors Regulation Authority, and
- (v) the provision of the HR function; and
- (d) accounting and financial control systems

provided that the Board may not authorise any unbudgeted expenditure whether of a capital or non-capital nature.

Applications for approval of practising certificate fee

26C(1) The Council shall approve applications to the Legal Services Board under Section 51(5) of the 2007 Act for approval of practising fees, and in drawing up such applications the following determinations shall be incorporated -

- (a) by the Council, of -
 - (i) the total amount to be raised through practising fees, and
 - (ii) the proportions of that total amount to be attributable to regulatory and non-regulatory functions;
 - (b) by the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, in relation to the proportion set by the Council under (a)(ii) attributable to regulatory functions, of the respective amounts that should be payable by such categories of solicitor or firm as the Board shall define for this purpose; and
 - (c) by the Council, in relation to the proportion it has set under (a)(ii) attributable to non-regulatory functions, of the respective amounts that should be payable by the categories of solicitor or firm defined by the Board under (b).
- (2) In this Regulation –
- (a) "practising fees" includes the practising fee payable under Section 11 of the Act, the fee payable by recognised bodies under Section 9 of the Administration of Justice Act 1985 and the periodical fee payable by licensed bodies under paragraph 21 of Schedule 11 to the 2007 Act; and
 - (b) "regulatory functions" includes the functions of the Solicitors Regulatory Authority and the payment of levies under Section 173 of the 2007 Act and any other statutory provision.

Setting of Compensation Fund contributions

26D The Council shall set the total amount which needs to be raised through contributions to the Compensation Fund under paragraph 2 of Schedule 2 to the Act, and the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board shall determine the respective amounts which should be payable by such categories of solicitor or firm as the Board shall define for this purpose.

Equality and Diversity Training

27(1) No non-Council member shall be eligible to serve on any board (or any of its committees), Special Committee or Law Society Committee unless he or she has undertaken prescribed equality and diversity training.

- (2) No chair or member of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board shall exercise any functions until he or she has undergone prescribed equality and diversity training.
- (3) In this Regulation, 'prescribed' means prescribed by the Council.

Part III – Special Committees of the Council

Appointment of Special Committees

- 28(1) There shall be the following Special Committees of the Council -
 - (a) the Audit Committee;
 - (b) the Council Members' Conduct Committee;
 - (c) the Council Membership Committee;
 - (d) the Equality and Diversity Committee
 - (e) the Remuneration Committee; and
 - (f) the Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee.
- (2) A Special Committee shall be disestablished when it has fulfilled the purpose for which it was appointed.
- (3) With the exception of the Remuneration Committee in regard to the remuneration packages of the Chief Executive and Staff Directors, the work of the Special Committees of the Council shall be advisory only and they shall exercise no delegated powers in the name of the Council unless the Council specifically so resolves.
- (4) The membership of the Audit Committee shall be -
 - (a) a Chair, who shall not be a Council member, appointed by the Council on the recommendation of the Management Board;
 - (b) one Council member, appointed by the Council on the recommendation of the Management Board;
 - (c) five members, who shall not be Council members, appointed by the Council on the recommendation of the Management Board; and
 - (d) one other member, who shall be a member of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, appointed by the Council on the recommendation of that Board.
- (5) The Chair of the Audit Committee shall serve a single three-year term of office, renewable exceptionally for one further year at a time up to a maximum of three years.
- (6) The other members of the Audit Committee shall serve a three-year period of office, renewable for one further period of three years only.

- (7) Subject to (7A), the membership of the Council Members Conduct Committee shall be -
- (a) a Chair who shall be a Council member, elected by ballot by the Council; and
 - (b) six other Council members, elected by ballot by the Council.
- (7A) Panels of the Council Members' Conduct Committee investigating complaints against individual members shall each have as an additional member for the purposes of that investigation a non-Council member of the Council Membership Committee nominated by the Chair of the Council Membership Committee.
- (8) The chair of the Council Members' Conduct Committee shall serve a three-year period of office, renewable exceptionally for one further year at a time up to a maximum of three years.
- (9) The other members of the Council Members' Conduct Committee shall serve a three-year period of office, renewable for one further period of three years only.
- (10) The Chair of the Council Membership Committee shall be elected by the Council, and shall hold office for a single term of three years running from 1 September in his or her year of appointment, save that exceptionally the Chair of the Council Membership Committee may have his or her term extended for a further period of one year at a time up to a maximum of three years.
- (11) The Council members of the Council Membership Committee shall be elected by the Council and the non-Council members of the Council Membership Committee shall be appointed by the Legal Affairs and Policy Board.
- (12) Council members of the Council Membership Committee shall hold office for three years from the date of their appointment, and may be re-appointed for any number of further terms.
- (13) Non-Council members of the Council Membership Committee shall hold office for three years from the date of their appointment. Where a non-Council member of the Council Membership Committee takes office on a date other than 1 September, the appointment shall run until the third 31 August following his or her appointment.
- (14) Non-Council members of the Council Membership Committee may be appointed for up to two further terms of three years, provided that exceptionally the Legal Affairs and Policy Board may extend the term of office of a non-Council member of the Council Membership Committee beyond a total of nine years, any such extension being for only one year at a time.
- (15) The membership of the Equality and Diversity Committee shall be –
- (a) a Chair who shall be a Council member, elected by ballot by the Council;
 - (b) four other Council members appointed by the Council; and
 - (c) five other members, who shall not be Council members, appointed by the Council.

- (16) Subject to 16 (A) the Chair and members of the Equality and Diversity Committee shall serve a three-year period of office, renewable for one further period of three years only.
- (16A) The Chair and members of the Equality and Diversity Committee holding office at 14 July 2010 shall serve until 31 August 2010, and shall be eligible to serve for one further period of three years only.
- (17) The membership of the Remuneration Committee shall be –
- (a) a Chair, who shall not be a Council member or a member of a regulatory board, appointed by the Council on the recommendation of the Management Board;
 - (b) the Chair of the Management Board and Treasurer;
 - (c) two other non-Council solicitor members who shall not be members of a regulatory board, appointed by the Council on the recommendation of the Management Board;
 - (d) one other Council member, elected by the Council by ballot; and
 - (e) one member, who shall be a member of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, appointed by the Council on the recommendation of that Board.
- (18) The chair of the Remuneration Committee shall serve a three-year period of office, renewable exceptionally for one further year at a time up to a maximum of three years.
- (19) The other members of the Remuneration Committee shall serve a three-year period of office, renewable for one further period of three years only.
- (20) Subject to (21), the membership of the Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee shall be –
- (a) a Chair, who shall be a Council member elected by the Council by ballot; and
 - (b) eight other Council members (at least two of whom shall be constituency members) elected by the Council by ballot;
- (21) The President, Vice-President, Deputy Vice-President and the chairs and members of representative boards and the Management Board shall not be eligible to serve on the Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee.
- (22) The Chair of the Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee shall serve a three-year term of office, renewable exceptionally for one further year at a time up to a maximum of three years.
- (23) The other members of the Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee shall serve a three-year period of office, renewable for one further period of three years only.

The Audit Committee

29(1) The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are –

- (a) to assist and advise the Management Board in ensuring that the accounts and financial statements of the Society are balanced, fair and in conformity with the applicable accounting standards;
 - (b) to advise the Management Board on the appointment of the Society's auditors and generally to oversee their work and the value for money of the services they provide;
 - (c) to liaise with the auditors as required, to oversee any action to be taken in the light of the auditors' management letter, to confirm where appropriate that there are no outstanding matters raised by the auditors, and to inform the Council and the Management Board accordingly;
 - (d) to keep under review the systems of internal control, risk management and internal audit within the Society, including whether those systems are properly resourced;
 - (e) to keep under review compliance by the Society with the Combined Code on Corporate Governance and Guidance on Internal Control and to advise the Council and the Management Board generally on all corporate governance matters; and
 - (f) to advise the Council and the Management Board generally on all aspects of audit and financial control within the Society.
- (2) The Audit Committee may obtain advice from any external source on any aspect of its terms of reference, taking proper account of budget availability, and may invite outside advisers to attend its meetings.
 - (3) The Audit Committee may report directly to the Council on any aspect of its terms of reference and may report to the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board on any aspect of its terms of reference affecting that board.
 - (4) The Audit Committee may seek information and copies of any papers relevant to any aspect of its terms of reference as it may stipulate from any Council, board or committee member (including members of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board), or from any member of the Society's staff; reporting any failure to comply with such requests to the Council for decision.
 - (5) The Audit Committee shall be empowered to direct any member of the Society's staff to attend any of its meetings for the purpose of giving information on any aspect of its terms of reference, reporting any failure to comply with such a direction to the Chief Executive as a matter for possible disciplinary action.

The Council Members' Conduct Committee

30 The terms of reference of the Council Members' Conduct Committee are -

- (1) To keep under review, promote and give guidance on the Code of Conduct for Council Members ("the Code") and related documents, and to report to the Council from time to time with proposals for amendment to them.

- (2) To investigate and report to the Council on all complaints made by any Council member or the Chief Executive regarding the conduct as such of Council members, and non-Council members of boards (with the exception of the chair and members of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board and the sub-committees of that Board), committees, sub-committees and working parties, other than those arising under the Society's Dignity at Work Policy.
- (3) In dealing with complaints within the scope of (2), the Committee shall follow the requirements in paragraph D2 (or any successor paragraph) of the Code.
- (4) The Council Members' Conduct Committee shall when dealing with complaints within the scope of (2) sit in panels of three or five of its members, as decided by the Chair of the Committee, and the Chair or Vice-Chair of the Committee shall normally be a member of each such panel. Each panel shall include a non-Council member of the Council Membership Committee nominated in accordance with Regulation 28(7A).

The Council Membership Committee

31 The terms of reference of the Council Membership Committee are -

- (1) To keep under review the representative nature of the Council, taking into account the views of recognised groups and associations.
- (2) Before the end of the term of office of each non-constituency Council member, and also on a casual vacancy arising for such a member, to consider the composition of the Council and to recommend to the Council the type of solicitor or registered European lawyer who should be elected to fill the vacancy, and the appropriate means of doing so.
- (3) To keep under review the constituency boundaries in Appendix 1 to the Bye-Laws and the numbers of Council members allocated to each constituency, consulting local law societies and members of the Society as necessary.
- (4) To keep under review the multi-member constituencies.
- (5) To report to the Council, at least once every four years, with any recommendations the Committee considers necessary for the revision of the constituency boundaries set out in Appendix 1 to the Bye-Laws.
- (6) To keep under review the size of the Council, and to advise the Council if the Society's Charter should be amended to alter the permitted size of the Council.

The Equality and Diversity Committee

32 The terms of reference of the Equality and Diversity Committee are –

- (1) To advise the Council, its boards and committees on matters of equality, diversity and inclusion, including –
 - (a) assisting the Council in discharging its oversight responsibility for equality and diversity issues;
 - (b) setting the direction and framework for diversity issues and ensuring a co-ordinated approach to diversity work;

- (c) monitoring progress towards the Law Society's commitment to playing a leading role in the elimination of discrimination in all its activities as a regulator and representative body;
 - (d) reviewing progress against the Law Society Group's equality and diversity framework and action plan and the Single Equality Scheme;
 - (e) advising on emerging diversity issues for the profession and clients and engaging in dialogue with the profession on such issues; and
 - (f) advising on equality and diversity training for Council, board and committee members.
- (2) When the Committee makes a recommendation, the Council, board or committee to whom it is directed must consider the recommendation at the first practicable opportunity and if it does not accept the recommendation, or accepts it only in part, must give reasons for doing so.

The Remuneration Committee

33 The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are –

- (1) To approve the performance management framework (or frameworks) for the Chief Executives of the Law Society and the Solicitors Regulation Authority ("the Chief Executives") and for senior managers reporting directly to the Chief Executives ("senior managers");
- (2) To approve, on the basis of recommendations from the President, the chair of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, the amounts of individual remuneration and bonuses for the relevant Chief Executives;
- (3) To approve a policy under which the amounts of individual remuneration and bonuses for senior managers are determined by the relevant Chief Executive;
- (4) To approve a policy under which extra-contractual termination payments are made to senior managers;
- (5) To determine the amount of any compensation payable to Council members, representative board chairs and members and the chair and members of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board; and
- (6) To report annually to the Council, with a copy of the annual report being submitted also to the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board.

The Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee

34(1) The terms of reference of the Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee are:

- (a) to review or scrutinise decisions or action taken under delegated powers by the President, the Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board, the Management Board, the Support Services Resolution Board or any of the representative boards;

- (b) to make reports or recommendations to the Council on the exercise of delegated powers as mentioned in (a), and to make reports or recommendations to the relevant board in respect of policy matters, except in relation to matters within the terms of reference of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board; and
 - (c) to review or scrutinise decisions or actions taken under delegated powers other than in (a) provided that no decision by or on behalf of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board shall be reviewed or scrutinised under this sub-paragraph.
- (2) Subject to the following provisions of this Regulation, the Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee may recommend to the appropriate board or to the Council that a decision should be reconsidered by the person or body that made the decision, or that the Council should itself review the decision.
- (3) A recommendation under (2) may only be made within five working days after the publication of the decision on Corporate Business (or any successor to that system), and in order to be effective must be supported by not less than five members of the Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee, whose names and reasons for doing so shall be published on Corporate Business (or any successor to that system).
- (4) Where the Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee has recommended to the Council that a decision should be reconsidered or that the Council should itself review the decision, the Council shall consider that recommendation at the next meeting.
- (5) No recommendation under (2) may be made where the decision concerned was made by the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board, or the decision relates to -
 - (a) a casework determination;
 - (b) the work of the Audit Committee; or
 - (c) any matter which the President (or in his or her absence, the Vice-President or, in the absence of both the President and the Vice-President, the Deputy Vice-President) has ruled is urgent and where the decision should be implemented as originally agreed.
- (6) Any ruling under (5)(c) by the President or other office-holder shall be reported to the next meeting of the Council.
- (7) The Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee may call in the chairs of the representative Boards and the senior directors responsible to each of those boards to discuss the operation of delegated powers or any specific matter where the Committee is considering making a recommendation under (2).
- (8) The Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee may call for any documentation related to the operation of specific delegated powers (except those taken by or on behalf of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board) or any matter where the Committee is considering making a recommendation under (1).
- (9) The Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee shall report to the Council any failure to comply with a request made under (8).

- (10) The terms of reference of the Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee in relation to performance review are:
- (a) to review the performance of any board other than the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board (for the avoidance of doubt this includes the Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board and the Support Services Resolution Board);
 - (b) to review decisions or action taken under delegated powers by any board other than the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board;
- and to draw any matters of concern to the attention of the chairs of the relevant boards, the President, Vice-President or Deputy Vice-President (as appropriate), or where deemed necessary to the attention of Council members, in a timely manner.
- (11) The remit given in 34(10) shall cease to apply on 31 December 2010 unless renewed by the Council on or before that date.

Part IV – Quorum

Quorum

- 35(1) The quorum for meetings of the representative boards and the Management Board shall be four.
- (2) *[deleted 4/5/11]*
- (2A) *[deleted 4/5/11]*
- (3) The quorum for meetings of the Solicitors Regulation Authority Board shall be seven (including four solicitor members).
- (3A) The quorum for meetings of the Support Services Resolution Board shall be three, consisting of the Treasurer or another Council member, an SRA-nominated member and an independent member.
- (3AA) The quorum for meetings of the Joint Law Society/SRA Resources Board shall be five, including either –
- (a) the President, two Council members of the Board and two Solicitors Regulation Authority Board members; or
 - (b) if the President is absent, three Council members of the Board, one of whom shall chair the meeting and shall not be entitled to vote at that meeting while chairing the meeting, and two Solicitors Regulation Authority Board members.
- (4) The quorum for meetings of the Council Members' Conduct Committee, the Equality and Diversity Committee, the Scrutiny and Performance Review Committee and the Remuneration Committee shall be three (including at least one Council member). The quorum for meetings of the Council Membership Committee shall be three.

- (5) The quorum for meetings of the Audit Committee is three (including at least one Council member or the Chair).
- (6) The quorum for any meetings of committees, sub-committees or other bodies established by a board to exercise delegated functions shall be fixed by the board concerned.
- (7) If a quorum ceases to exist at any meeting of a board, committee or a sub-committee, the meeting shall be abandoned, but this shall not affect the validity of any business transacted when a quorum was present.
- (8) In determining whether a quorum is present at any meeting referred to in this Regulation, any member who would otherwise be entitled to attend that meeting shall be excluded from the quorum for the consideration of any item of business if he or she is disqualified from participating in the consideration of that item in accordance with the Code of Practice on Conflicts of Interest.

Part V – Miscellaneous

Council Operating Manual

- 36(1) There shall be a Council Operating Manual (“the Manual”) which, so far as not inconsistent with any statute, the Charter, Bye-Laws and these Regulations, shall govern the general procedures applicable to the work and meetings of the Council, its boards, committees and other subordinate bodies.
- (2) The Manual may be amended from time to time as necessary.

Revocation, suspension and amendment

- 37 The Council may by resolution passed by not less than two-thirds of the members present and voting revoke, suspend or amend these Regulations, with effect either at once or on some future date.

Interpretation

- 38(1) An expression defined in the Bye-Laws shall have the same meaning in these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires.
- (2) The Interpretation Act 1978 shall apply to these Regulations as to an Act of Parliament.
- (3) Any reference in these Regulations to the Solicitors Act 1974 (referred to as “the Act” in these Regulations), any other Act, any Statutory Instrument or rules or regulations made by the Council is a reference to that Act, Statutory Instrument, rules or regulations, as subsequently amended, re-enacted or replaced.
- (3A) In these Regulations, “2007 Act” means the Legal Services Act 2007.
- (4) In these Regulations, “sub-committee” means a permanent body, and “working group” means a body which is time-limited in its scope. Any dispute whether a body is to be regarded as a sub-committee or a working party shall be decided by the Management Board.

Commencement and citation

- 39(1) These Regulations shall come into effect on being made, when the Law Society's General Regulations 2007, and all amendments to them, shall be revoked, without affecting the validity of anything done under their authority.

- (2) These Regulations may be referred to as the Law Society's General Regulations 2008.